CURRICULUM VITAE

Yeo-Jin Chung

Personal Data

Status:

Citizen of South Korea

Born June 27th 1973 in Seoul, South Korea

Gender:

Female

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Education

6/98 - 6/02:

University of California, Irvine

Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics, 2002 Thesis Advisor: Professor Edriss S. Titi

Dissertation Title: "Global Regularity and Inertial Manifolds for the Moore-Greitzer Model of Turbo-Machine Engine and Modeling

of Pulse Propagation in Certain Optical Fibers".

9/96 - 6/98:

University of California, Irvine

M.S. in Applied Mathematics, 1998.

3/92 - 2/96:

Ewha Womans University

Seoul, South Korea

B.A. in Mathematics, 1996.

Professional Experiences

1/01 - 9/01:

Graduate Research Assistant

Center for Nonlinear Studies, Los Alamos National Laboratory.

6/00 - 9/00:

Graduate Research Assistant

Center for Nonlinear Studies, Los Alamos National Laboratory.

Teaching Experiences

1/97 - 5/00:

Teaching Assistant

Calculus, Linear Algebra, Statistics, Ordinary Differential

Equation, Complex Analysis

Department of Mathematics, University of California,

Irvine.

Publications

Y. Chung, E. S. Titi: Inertial Manifolds and Gevrey Regularity for the Moore-Greitzer model of turbo-machine engine, Journal of Dynamics and Differential Equations (submitted).

F. G. Omenetto, Y. Chung, D. Yarotski, T. Schaefer, I. Gabitov, and A. J. Taylor: *Phase analysis of nonlinear femtosecond pulse propagation and self-frequency shift in optical fibers*, Optics Communications (submitted).

M. Chertkov, Y. Chung, A. Dyachenko, I. Gabitov, I. Kolokolov, and V. Lebedev: Shedding and interaction of solitons in a weakly disordered optical fiber, preprint.

F. G. Omenetto, Y. Chung, I. Gabitov, and A. J. Taylor: Genetic Algorithm pulse shaping for optimum femtosecond propagation in optical fibers, preprint.

Conferences and Workshops

11/01:

AMS Western Sectional Meeting

Invited speaker of the session on PDEs and Applications

University of California, Irvine

Invited Talk: On the solution regularity and its long time behavior

for the Moore-Greitzer model of turbo-machine engine.

7/01:

Ultrafast Optics Conference 2001

Montebello, Canada

Contributed Poster: Modeling femtosecond pulse propagation in

optical fibers.

3/01:

Workshop on Statistical and Nonlinear Physics of Fiber

Communications

Center for Nonlinear Studies, Los Alamos National Laboratory Contributed Talk: Modeling of femtosecond pulse propagation in

optical fibers.

Computer Skills

C++, Fortran, Matlab, Unix, Linux, Windows, Mathematica, LATEX.

Awards and Honors

10/01:

Fall 2001 Regents' Dissertation Fellowship

Department of Mathematics, University of California, Irvine.

5/01:

Faculty Endowed Fellowship

School of Physical Sciences, University of California, Irvine.

Areas of Research

- Applied and Computational Mathematics Dynamical Systems
- Perturbation Theory Theory of Nonlinear Fiber Optics

Research Experiences

Nonlinear Fiber Optics:

Ultrashort pulses in optical fibers

Modeling of high power ultrashort pulse propagation

Pulse shaping using Genetic Algorithms

- Joint work with F. G. Omenetto in Material Science and Technology Division, and I. Gabitov in Theoretical Division, Los Alamos

National Laboratory.

Soliton interactions in imperfect optical fibers

Incorporation of the random dispersion and statistical evaluation Development of a numerical tool to study the interaction between

solitons and radiation

- Joint work with M. Chertkov, I. Gabitov in Theoretical Division,

Los Alamos National Laboratory.

Fluid Dynamics:

Analytical study of the Moore-Greitzer model of turbo-

machine engine

- Supervision of E. S. Titi in University of California, Irvine.

7/01:

Workshop for Graduate Students on Mathematical Mod-

eling in Industry

Institute for Mathematics and its Applications, University of Min-

nesota.

7/99:

Summer Modeling Workshop

Department of Mathematics, North Carolina State University.

References

Edriss S. Titi:

Professor, Department of Mathematics,

103 Multipurpose Science & Technology Bldg.

University of California Irvine, CA 92697-3875. Email: etiti@math.uci.edu Phone: (949) 824 - 3156 Fax: (949) 824 - 7993

Ildar Gabitov:

Senior Researcher, Theoretical Division,

Los Alamos National Laboratory

Los Alamos, NM 87545. Email: ildar@t7.lanl.gov Phone: (505) 665 - 8407 Fax: (505) 665 - 5757

Don A. Jones:

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Arizona State University

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Future Research Statement

Yeo-Jin Chung

The project on the nonlinear fiber optics has been conducted in collaboration with experimental and theoretical groups of scientists at Los Alamos National Laboratory. I plan to explore further this subject of research with team, which will increase the chances of making significant progress in this project.

Optical fibers are often disordered since it is not guaranteed to achieve a 100% control of the fiber parameters in the process of fiber pulling and pre-form manufacturing. Moreover the effect of the disorder accumulates along the pulse propagation, which results in seriously impeded solitons. Therefore, in practical telecommunications, especially long-distance fiber communications, it is highly demanded to understand the pulse behavior and control the optimum values in the presence of randomly varying fiber parameters.

In this line of research, the project I would like to pursue is the randomly varying birefringent fibers, which are the cases of real fibers due to the fiber distortion in manufacturing. In this line of research, I am interested in providing a model including the effects of random polarization mode coupling. In addition, I would like to extend the analytical study based on this model. Finally, I intend to modify the readily developed numerical method based on the new model. This will provide an opportunity to combine the theoretical study with numerical experiments. As a result, the validity of both analytical and experimental observations will be rigorously established.

Understanding the ultrashort pulse propagation would aid in the understanding of various issues such as the delivery of ultrashort pulses through fibers for medical applications and imaging, continuum recompression and control from highly nonlinear photonic crystal fibers as well as the design and implementation of the next generation of telecommunications systems.

Recently, noticeable performance of the photonic crystal fiber (PCF) (a long thread of silica glass with a periodic array of air holes) has been reported. Although it is known that photonic crystal fibers have remarkable properties, this high-index core fiber has a complex nature of a cladding structure, which prevents the use of methods from the conventional fiber theory. Modeling ultrashort pulse propagation in the PCFs is, therefore, extremely challenging task, which requires a rigorous theoretical tool. In collaboration with the experimental group at LANL I plan to develop a reliable model to describe the performance of femtosecond pulse propagation on PCF, and to compare the analytical and computational results of this model with experimental data.

The Genetic Algorithm Pulse Shaping (GAPS) provides insight to the construction of experimental tools for successful transmission of pulses in femtosecond regime. GAPS is specially, useful in situations where theoretical prediction is difficult or when experimental conditions are not consistent. This technique can be a very useful method to evolve towards an optimal optical field. For instance, the genetic algorithm can be employed to find the optimal filter which allows the pulse to propagate through optical fiber without broadening its width when applied to an input pulse. In this case, one can successfully perform the transmission of multiple pulses without losing their peak intensities, which is highly desirable in modern telecommunication applications.

I plan to apply the genetic algorithm to propagation of ultrashort pulses in optical fibers. In particular, I am interested in utilizing sophisticating filters such as a smooth (grayscale) amplitude filter, a phase filter and a combination of the two. My aim is to provide different pulse shaping process using various types of filters to achieve better performance of pulse transmission than present results and to also apply this process to extended cases such as the pulse propagation on photonic crystal fibers.

References

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- [2] J. -P. Berenger, A perfectly matched layer for the absorption of electromagnetic waves, J. Comput. Phys., 114, (1994).
- [3] E. B. Brown, E. Wu, W. Zipfel, W. W. Webb, Biophys. Jour., 77, 5, (1999).
- [4] M. Chertkov, Y. Chung, A. Dyachenko, I. Gabitov, I. Kolokolov, and V. Lebedev, Shedding and interaction of solitons in a weakly disordered optical fiber, preprint.
- [5] B. Engquist and A. Majda, Absorbing boundary conditions for the numerical simulation of waves, Math. Comput. 31, (1977).
- [6] E. A. Kuznetsov, A. V. Mikhailov, and I. A. Shimokhin, Nonlinear interaction of solitons and radiation, Phys. D. 87, (1995).
- [7] M. W. Kimmel, R. Trebino, J. Ranka, A. J. Stentz, CLEO 2000, CFL7, San Francisco.
- [8] J. C. Knight, J. Broeng, T. A. Birks, and P. St. J. Russell, *Photonic band gap guidance in optical fibers*, Science 282, (1998).
- [9] F. G. Omenetto, Y. Chung, D. Yarotski, T. Schaefer, I. Gabitov, and A. J. Taylor, *Phase analysis of nonlinear femtosecond pulse propagation and self-frequency shift in optical fibers*, (submitted to Optics Communications).
- [10] F. G. Omenetto, B. Luce, D. Yarotski, and A. J. Taylor, Observation of chirped soliton dynamics at 1.55 nm in a single-model optical fiber with frequency-resolved optical gating, Opt. Lett., 24, (1999).
- [11] F. G. Omenetto, B. Luce, and A. J. Taylor, Genetic Algorithm pulse shaping for optimum femtosecond propagation in optical fibers, JOSA B., 16, 11, (1999).

TRANSCRIPT OF ACADEMIC RECORD

EWHA WOMANS UNIVERSITY

11-1 DAEHYON-DONG, SODAEMUN-KU, SEDUL 120-750, KOREA

DATE OF ISSUE : February 1, 1996

SERIAL NO.

: 964929 - 11

NAME IN FULL STUDENT NO.

: Chung, Yeo-Jin

COLLEGE :

Natural Sciences : Mathematics

DATE OF BIRTH

: 9213060 : June 27, 1973

DEPT.

STATUS : Enrolled as a senior

DATE OF ADMISSION : March 2, 1992

DEGREE : ***

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SUBJECT	CREDIT	GRADE	SUBJECT	CREDIT GRADE	=
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INTRODUCTION TO LAW FOR EVERYDAY USE	3.0	A A	PROBABILITY & STATISTICS (3.0 B	
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REMARKS:

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Joon Woo Park Dean of Academic Affairs

^{1.} HOURS-PER-WEEK:

ONE HOUR OF CLASS WORK PER WEEK FOR 1 SEMESTER COUNTS FOR 1 CREDIT.

TWO OR MORE HOURS OF LABORATORY WORK PER WEEK FOR 1 SEMESTER COUNT FOR 1 CREDIT.

^{2.} WEEKS-PER-YEAR

¹⁰ WEEKS MAKE I SEMESTER AND 2 SEMESTERS ONE ACADEMIC YEAR.

^{3.} GRADING SYSTEM

BEFORE 1954 : A(90-100), B(80-89), C(70-79), D(60-69), F(0-59), P(PASS)

^{1955-1980 :} A(4.0), B(3.0), C(2.0), D(1.0), F(0), P(PASS)

^{1981-1993 :} A+(4.3), AQ(4.0), A-(3.7), B+(3.3), BO(3.0), B-(2.7), C+(2.3), CO(2.0), C-(2.7),

D+(1.3). DO(1.0). D-(0.7). F(0). P(PASS).

[:] A+(43), A0(40), A-(3.7), B+(3.3), B0(3.0), B-(2.7), C+(2.3), C0(2.0), C-(1.7). D+(1.3), DQ(1.0), D-(0.7), P(0), P(PASS), S(SATISFACTORY), U(UNSATISPACTORY)

T. BEULLABU CARDLE

Jan-11-2002 09:45am From-UCI MATH 609-92-8418 14123-633 G	DEPT	+	T-374	P 002/005 F-654
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NON-RESIDENT SEP 1996	SEOUL, KOREA		06/27/73	GRADUATE
	CFUN			01/10/02
- LANGUAGE EXAMS - GERMAN PASSED 04/16/98 - MASTERS DEGREES - ADVANCED TO CANDIDACY - 05/06 PLAN II - COMPREHENSIVE EXAMI MATHEMATICS PASSED 09/16/98 DEGREE CONFERRED - SEPTEMBER	/98 NATION OF 16 1998	732 APPLIED MA 733 PARTIAL DI 734 APPLIED & 735 SUP-READIN 736 UNIVERSITY 80.0* ATTM 80.0* P	THEMATICS MATH FF EQNS MATH COMP MATH MATH G-RSCH MATH TEACHING MATH TERM TOTALS: 4.000 SSD 297.6* G.P.	2928 4.0 A 16.0 2958 4.0 A 16.0 2988 2.0 A 8.0 2998 2.0 A 8.0 399 4.0 S SU GPA 12.0 48.0 57.6 8AL 3.720 GPA
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92612 949 854-1954 - ADVISOR: -LEVEL: 7 -ADVANCED: SOO -T	ERMS: 04	FALL QUARTER 199 741 APPLIED MA 742 APPL NONLI 743 APPL/COMP 744 UNIVERSITY 98.0* AYYM 98.0* P	9 THEMATICS MATH N ANALYS MATH MATH MATH TEACHING MATH TERM TOTALS: 4.000 SSD 369.6* G.P.	292A 4.0 A '6.0 294A 4.0 A '6.0 298A 2.0 A 8.0 399 4.0 S SU GPA 10.0 40.0 75.6 BAL 3.771 GPA
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SPRING QUARTER 1998 726 ALGEBRA MATH 727 FUNCTIONAL ANALYSIS MATH 728 UNIVERSITY TEACHING MATH TERM TOTALS: 4.000 60.0* ATTM 60.0* PSSD 217.6* G.P.	399 4.0 S SU	160.0* ATTM 156.0* P	TERM TOTALS: 4.000 SSD 601.6* G.P. ION 2001	2004 2 0 0 2750
FALL QUARTER 1998 729 APPLIED MATHEMATICS MATH 730 PARTIAL DIFF EQNS MATH 731 UNIVERSITY TEACHING MATH TERM TOTALS: 4.000 68.0* ATTM 68.0* PSSD 249.6* G.P.				
WINTER QUARTER 1999		****	***	******

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CFUN

TERM TOTALS: 0.000 GPA 0.0 0.0 160.0* ATTM 156.0* PSSD 601.6* G.P. 121.6 BAL 3.760 GPA

FALL QUARTER 2001
761 SEMINAR MATH 298A 2.0 A 8.0
762 SEMINAR MATH 298A 2.0 A 8.0
763 SUP-READING-RSCH MATH 299A 12.0 A 48.0
TERM TOTALS: 4.000 GPA 16.0 64.0
176.0* ATYM 172.0* PSSD 665.6* G.P. 137.6 BAL 3.782 GPA

TOTAL PASS/NOT PASS ATTM 40.0 PASSED 40.0 QUARTER CREDITS COMPLETED 212.0 UC GPA 3.782

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3 MIGHIN

NATIONAL LABORATORY

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PERSONAL DEMOGRAPHIC DATA

CHUNG YEO - JIN

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	White Not of Hispanic Origin	A person having origins in any of the peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East
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Q.	American Indian or Alaskan Native	A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition
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-				
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☐ Yes	Ď No	☐ Yes		No No
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	Co-2.		Jan.	10.2002
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January 19, 2002

This is a strong letter of recommendation supporting the application of Ms. Yeojin Chung for a postdoctoral position at the Los Alamos National Laboratory. Ms. Chung is doing her Ph. D. in Applied and Computational Mathematics under my supervision at the University of California - Irvine (UCI). Currently, she is in the process of writing her Ph. D. thesis; which she is expected to defend by June, 2002.

Yeojin's thesis consists of two parts. In the first part she presents a rigorous analytical study of the Moore-Greitzer model for turbo-machine engines. Based on carefully performed numerical experiments and computational studies of the global bifurcation diagram for the Moore-Greitzer model various scientists have asserted the low dimensional long-time behavior of this model. In this part of her thesis Yeojin develops two different analytical approaches to justify the above claim. First, she establishes the global well-posedness, and certain Gevrey class regularity of the solutions to this model. As a result of this special class of Gevrey regularity she is able to prove that the Fourier coefficients of any solution decay to zero at a uniform exponential rate, as the wave numbers tend to infinity. Consequently, the modes corresponding to the high wave numbers posses exponentially small amount of energy, and almost all the energy is contained in finite number of Fourier modes (the lower ones), a clear indication of low dimensional dynamical behavior. Furthermore, she is also able to conclude, as a result of this special Gevrey regularity, that the Galerkin numerical scheme converges exponentially fast to the exact solution. Hence, the Galerkin method is a very reliable numerical procedure for numerical simulations. In addition, she has also shown that the Moore-Greitzer model posses a globally invariant finite dimensional Inertial Manifold. Thereby the asymptotic dynamics of this model is completely determined by a finite system of ordinary differential equations. As a result one can design a finite dimensional feedback controller to stabilize the dynamics of this model. The results of this part of her thesis have been submitted for publication in the journal of "Nonlinear Science".

The other part of her thesis is completely different and is based on her collaborative work with a group of scientists at the "Center for Nonlinear Studies" in the Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) under the guidance of Dr. Ildar Gabitov. It is concerned with the Raman effect of the pulse in fiber optics. She spent almost 3 months in summer 2000 at the LANL working on this project. Mainly she was performing numerical simulations for the nonlinear Shrödinger equation focusing on the Raman effect of the pulse and comparing the results of her numerical simulations to the experiment data that was produced simultaneously by other members of the group. They have obtained satisfactory preliminary results and good agreement between the numerical and experimental data. Between January and September

2001 Yeojin was back to LANL to finish this part of her thesis and to perform further numerical tests to compare the phase shift of the pulse with the corresponding empirical data. Most importantly she has been working very hard on providing rigorous analytical justification, using perturbation techniques, to the validity of the mathematical model she has been using in her simulation. She has already submitted one paper based on her joint work with the LANL team, and currently they in the process of finishing another two papers, to be submitted for publication in refereed journals.

In summary, Ms. Chung is a very hard working and strongly motivated young applied mathematician. She is an expert in multi-scale asymptotic analysis and on the Mathematical Theory of the Navier–Stokes equations and other related nonlinear PDEs. She has gained a lot of computational experience from working in LANL, and from the various numerical analysis courses she took at UCI. Yeojin has a very pleasant personality and is a great and cooperative team player. Based on the results of her thesis she will end up writing about 4 papers all publishable in reputable refereed journal; which is considered an exceptional performance for a Ph. D. in Mathematics. Based on the above I strongly recommend her to you without any reservations.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if I can be of any further assistance.

Sincerely yours,

Elmos Tin

Edriss S. Titi

Professor of Applied Mathematics, Mechanical & Aerospace Engineering

LETTER OF RECOMMENDATION

FOR

Yeo-jin Chung

I have been asked by Dr. Yeo-jin Chung to write a letter on her behalf, and I gladly do so. I first met Dr. Chung in November 2001 at an American Mathematical Society meeting in Irvine, California. I attended her talk at the meeting, and subsequently I have read some of her papers.

I was quite impressed by her presentation at the meeting in Irvine. She is articulate and gave a well-organized talk. She was asked some difficult questions and fielded them with enviable confidence. It was an excellent talk. Even more impressive for someone just finishing their Ph.D. Since success in the mathematical sciences involves more than just solving problems - but also presenting and conveying ideas, I think Dr. Chung has a promising academic future.

I have also read some of her papers. In particular, I have read throughly the paper Inertial Manifolds and Gevrey Regularity for the Moore-Greitzer Model of Turbo-Machine Engine. The paper is based on her Ph.D thesis. I will not go into the specific mathematical technicalities of the paper. However, I would like to give a brief indication of the breath of knowledge and originality required to write the paper. Of course the work is a joint effort with her advisor Professor E.S. Titi. However, being a former student of Professor Titi, I know he is extremely demanding and insists students solve their own problems.

The paper starts by casting a model of a turbo machine into a usable mathematical framework. Specifically, the model must be formulated on appropriate Hilbert spaces. The model in the paper has some interesting features which complicate, compared to other dissipative partial differential equation originating in engineering, this procedure.

The next step requires a proof that solutions of the model exist. The proof used is fairly standard in this area - start with a numerical approximation of the equations, here a spectral approximation, and pass to the limit. The details are not trivial but are well known. Once solutions are known to exist, the more difficult task to discover their regularity follows. She shows the Fourier coefficients of the solution decay exponentially in wave number. This in turn implies a spectral approximation of the governing equations converges exponentially in wave number. The result corroborates the behavior of the model observed by engineers conducting numerical experiments.

Finally, the long-time dynamics of the modes is examined. She shows the existence of an inertial manifold - a finite-dimensional invariant manifold attracting all orbits. The proof here is interesting because it is does not employ the usual methods to show the existence of an inertial manifold. Because of the mathematical form of the equations, the so called spectral barrier method is used. This requires a substantial understanding of inertial manifolds to know the intricacies in the hypotheses required to show the existence of the manifold.

Dr. Chung has an exceptional dissertation. It contains ideas from many ares of mathematics put together in an original way. Moreover, it provides the preparation and groundwork for Dr. Chung to immediately contribute as Post-Doctoral fellow at CNLS.

Sincerely,

Don A. Jones Associate Professor Arizona State University Department of Mathematics

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January 23, 2002

Dr. Misha Chertkov Los Alamos National Laboratory CNLS and T-13 Los Alamos, NM 87545

Dear sirs,

It is a great pleasure to recommend Yeo-Jin Chung for a postdoctoral position. I have known Yeo-Jin for a couple of years or since I visited Irvine and learned about her thesis project. I have followed her research with interest since then. The part that I understand best is her work on the viscous Moore-Greitzer equation (vMG) that describes the flow of air through a jet engine. These equations, that only recently have been rigorously justified, were derived by Moore and Greitzer about twenty years ago. The vMG equations have proven their worth and give good qualitative agreements with experiments performed on laboratory compressors and real jet engines. A graduate student of mine Hoskuldur Hauksson proved some year ago, with small help from me, that the vMG equations has a finite-dimensional attractor and estimated its dimension. Yeo-Jin has improved this result considerably with her thesis advisor Edriss Titi and showed that the solutions possess Geverey regularity and that there exists an intertial manifold. These are very nice results and make and impressive paper. On basis of this result alone I believe that Yeo-Jin deserves a postdoctoral position at Los Alamos.

Yeo-Jins research on optical fibers is also very impressive and close to the research interests of people at Los Alamos. I think this work together with her work on the jet-engine flow makes her a strong candidate.

Sincerely yours,

Björn Birnir